# City of Carl Junction, Missouri

# Basic Financial Statements Year Ended April 30, 2022



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Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderpersons City of Carl Junction Carl Junction, Missouri

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri as of April 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City
  of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, pension information and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPM CPAs, PC

Springfield, Missouri

KPM CPAS, PC

September 19, 2022



# Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Carl Junction's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

### **Financial Highlights**

The net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$19,952 as a result of current year activities. The net position of the City's business-type activities decreased by \$516,082 for the year.

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of April 30, 2022, by \$38,186,838 (net position). Of this amount \$3,996,604 was unrestricted and may be used to meet future obligations of the City.

Total long-term liabilities of the City decreased by \$506,322 primarily due to principal payments on debt.

### **Using this Report**

This report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are reported here. Taxes are the primary sources of financing for these activities.

Business-Type Activities: The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer services are provided here.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2022

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds and not the City as a whole. However, the Board of Aldermen establishes funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes and grants.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at period-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds are shown in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

### **Enterprise Funds**

When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2022

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

### **Net Position**

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Position for the City as of April 30, 2022 and 2021, as restated:

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total April 30,	Total April 30,
	Activities	Activities	2022	2021
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 4,676,369	\$ 2,565,608	\$ 7,241,977	\$ 5,637,488
Net pension asset	346,795	267,564	614,359	-
Capital assets	20,526,323	15,637,425	36,163,748	37,929,054
	25,549,487	18,470,597	44,020,084	43,566,542
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Deferred pension outflows	93,180	71,392	164,572	383,436
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	1,271,293	466,929	1,738,222	1,122,406
Long-term liabilities	2,205,773	1,283,736	3,489,509	3,995,831
	3,477,066	1,750,665	5,227,731	5,118,237
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Deferred pension inflows	340,035	430,052	770,087	108,869
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	18,019,335	14,277,325	32,296,660	33,648,645
Restricted	1,540,392	353,182	1,893,574	898,789
Unrestricted	2,265,839	1,730,765	3,996,604	4,175,438
	\$ 21,825,566	\$ 16,361,272	\$ 38,186,838	\$ 38,722,872

Total net position of the City decreased by \$536,034 for the year due to current year activity. Total liabilities for the City have increased by \$109,494. Restricted net position of the City totaled \$1,893,574 as of April 30, 2022.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

### **Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total ear Ended April 30, 2022		Total ear Ended April 30, 2021
Revenues and Transfers								
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	406,318	\$	2,629,077	\$	3,035,395	\$	3,033,863
Operating grants and contributions		143,896		-		143,896		209,165
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		1,802,350
General Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes		889,561		-		889,561		928,775
Sales taxes		1,099,556		-		1,099,556		876,201
Motor vehicle and gas taxes		325,285		-		325,285		291,761
Franchise fees		455,288		-		455,288		464,219
Interest		380		466		846		2,069
Other revenue		17,430	-		17,430			146,998
Transfers		(17,339)	17,339					
Total Revenues and Transfers		3,320,375		2,646,882		5,967,257		7,755,401
Expenses								
Administrative		266,111		-		266,111		1,062,958
Police		1,235,701		-		1,235,701		1,123,280
Municipal court		45,903		-		45,903		75,553
Planning and zoning		3,528		-		3,528		-
Building inspector		30,794		-		30,794		-
Community service		21,000		-		21,000		53,250
Street		1,125,831		-		1,125,831		639,441
Parks		485,164		-		485,164		296,317
Debt service		126,295		-		126,295		3,364
Water		-		1,421,114		1,421,114		1,360,638
Sewer		-		1,741,850		1,741,850		1,383,966
Total Expenses		3,340,327		3,162,964		6,503,291		5,998,767
Change in Net Position	\$	(19,952)	\$	(516,082)	\$	(536,034)	\$	1,756,634

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2022

### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the net position of the City by \$19,952 from the restated beginning net position. Tax revenues for the City were \$2,769,690, which represents 83% of the funding of these activities. Program revenues for the functions totaled \$550,214, or 17% of the funding. The following table shows the cost of the City's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

### Net Cost of the City of Carl Junction's Governmental Activities

	Total Cost			Net Cost
	(	of Services		of Services
Administrative	\$	266,111	\$	(5,074)
Police		1,235,701		1,149,129
Municipal court		45,903		45,903
Planning and zoning		3,528		3,528
Building inspector		30,794		(14,456)
Community service		21,000		(16,129)
Street		1,125,831		1,111,720
Parks		485,164		389,197
Debt service		126,295		126,295
	\$	3,340,327	\$	2,790,113

### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$516,082 from the restated beginning net position. Last year the business-type activities increased net position by \$263,220.

### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The combined fund balances of the City's governmental funds as of April 30, 2022, were \$3,645,284. The General Fund increased by \$201,594. The Street Fund increased by \$77,331. The Park Fund increased by \$98,871. The Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund increased by \$43,336. The ARPA Fund increased by \$38. The Debt Service Fund decreased by \$16,231.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2022

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original and the final actual results can be summarized as follows:

- The original revenue budget was \$1,809,180 compared to \$2,009,002 actual revenues.
- The original expenditures budget was \$1,748,495 compared to \$1,745,369 actual expenditures.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets of the governmental activities were \$20,526,323 (net of accumulated depreciation) as of April 30, 2022. This represents a \$945,725 decrease from the prior year. Capital assets for business-type activities were \$15,637,425 as of April 30, 2022. This represents a decrease of \$880,058 primarily due to depreciation on assets.

#### **Debt**

Total debt of the governmental activities as of April 30, 2022, consists of \$2,506,988 in Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and an equipment lease.

Total debt of the business-type activities as of April 30, 2022, consists of \$1,360,100 in Series 2013 Revenue Bonds.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

General Fund Revenue for fiscal year 2022-2023 is projected to be flat or a very small increase. Offsetting any increases in gross receipts will be a reduction in court fines collected as past legislation continues to make an impact on these revenues.

Modernization in equipment at the Police Department will be funded with the Public Safety Sales Tax and Law Enforcement Sales Tax grant from Jasper County. This will be the 1<sup>st</sup> full year of collection for the Public Safety Sales Tax.

ARPA funds from the federal government will make a large and lasting impact on the City as projects for park improvement, emergency equipment for the Community Center and better citizen engagement programs will be implemented. These grant funds and other planned grant funds for sidewalk improvements and new park and pavilion in Ward 3 will help to keep up with the sustained growth that the City has experienced.

## **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

For additional information or questions, please contact any of the following officers at:

City of Carl Junction 303 North Main Carl Junction, MO 64834 (417) 649-7237 Mark Powers, Mayor Steve Lawver, City Administrator Alaina Wright, City Clerk

# Statement of Net Position April 30, 2022

	 vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 3,585,134	\$ 1,669,027	\$ 5,254,161
Investments	163,059	130,847	293,906
Taxes receivable	336,419	-	336,419
Utilities receivable, net	-	193,416	193,416
Intergovernmental receivable	7,797	-	7,797
Other receivable	4,850	-	4,850
Prepaid expenses	12,811	10,910	23,721
Noncurrent			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	566,299	561,408	1,127,707
Net pension asset	346,795	267,564	614,359
Capital Assets			
Non-depreciable	547,422	242,000	789,422
Depreciable, net	19,978,901	15,395,425	35,374,326
Total Assets	 25,549,487	 18,470,597	 44,020,084
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Deferred pension outflows	93,180	71,392	164,572

# Statement of Net Position April 30, 2022

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Current			
Accounts payable	85,663	149,727	235,390
Accrued expenses	30,650	14,476	45,126
Deposits payable	-	208,226	208,226
Unearned revenue	789,493	-	789,493
Current portion of long-term debt	365,487	94,500	459,987
	1,271,293	466,929	1,738,222
Noncurrent			
Compensated absences payable	64,272	18,136	82,408
Loan payable	20,621	-	20,621
General obligation bonds payable, net	2,120,880	-	2,120,880
Revenue bonds payable	-	1,265,600	1,265,600
	2,205,773	1,283,736	3,489,509
Total Liabilities	3,477,066	1,750,665	5,227,731
Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Deferred pension inflows	340,035	430,052	770,087
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	18,019,335	14,277,325	32,296,660
Restricted	1,540,392	353,182	1,893,574
Unrestricted	2,265,839	1,730,765	3,996,604
Total Net Position	\$ 21,825,566	\$ 16,361,272	\$ 38,186,838

### Statement of Activities

Year Ended April 30, 2022

			Program Revenues Net (Expense					Net (Expenses), I	penses), Revenues, and Changes in Net Position				
		С	harges for	Ope	rating Grants	<b>Capital Grants</b>	G	Governmental		ısiness-Type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	and	Contributions	and Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total	
Governmental activities													
Administrative	\$ (266,111)	\$	271,185	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,074	\$	-	\$	5,074	
Police	(1,235,701)		73,077		13,495	-		(1,149,129)		-		(1,149,129)	
Municipal court	(45,903)		-		-	-		(45,903)		-		(45,903)	
Planning and zoning	(3,528)		-		-	-		(3,528)		-		(3,528)	
Building inspector	(30,794)		45,250		-	-		14,456		-		14,456	
Community service	(21,000)		13,504		23,625	-		16,129		-		16,129	
Street	(1,125,831)		-		14,111	-		(1,111,720)		-		(1,111,720)	
Parks	(485,164)		3,302		92,665	-		(389,197)		-		(389,197)	
Debt service	(126,295)		-					(126,295)				(126,295)	
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	(3,340,327)		406,318		143,896	-		(2,790,113)		-		(2,790,113)	
Business-type activities													
Water	(1,421,114)		1,265,856		-	-		-		(155,258)		(155,258)	
Sewer	(1,741,850)		1,363,221							(378,629)		(378,629)	
Total Business-Type Activities	(3,162,964)		2,629,077		-	-		-		(533,887)		(533,887)	
<b>Total Government</b>	\$ (6,503,291)	\$	3,035,395	\$	143,896	\$ -		(2,790,113)		(533,887)		(3,324,000)	
	General Revenues												
	Ad valorem taxe	es						889,561		-		889,561	
	Sales taxes							1,099,556		-		1,099,556	
	Motor vehicle to	axes						325,285		-		325,285	
	Franchise fees							455,288		-		455,288	
	Interest							380		466		846	
	Other revenue							17,430		-		17,430	
	Transfers							(17,339)		17,339		-	
	Total General R	evenu	es and Transf	ers				2,770,161		17,805		2,787,966	
	Changes in Net Po	sition						(19,952)		(516,082)		(536,034)	
	Net Position, Begi	nning c	of year, as rest	ated				21,845,518		16,877,354		38,722,872	
	Net Position, End	of yea	r				\$	21,825,566	\$	16,361,272	\$	38,186,838	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

### Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

April 30, 2022

						Special Rev	enue F	unds						
						•		Capital				Debt		Total
		General		Street		Park	Imp	rovements		ARPA		Service	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
Assets	Ś	1 002 625	\$	432,887	\$	105 636	Ś	360,117	Ś	792,869	۲.		Ś	3,585,134
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Ş	1,893,635 163,059	Ş	432,887	Ş	105,626	Ş	360,117	Ş	792,869	\$	-	Ş	163,059
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net		69,496		_		-		-		-		- 59,795		129,291
Sales taxes receivable		96,406		- 55,763		- 27,479		27,480		_		35,753		207,128
Intergovernmental receivables		30,400		7,797		27,473		27,400		_				7,797
Other receivables		4,850		7,737				_		_				4,850
Prepaid expenses		11,577		1,180		54		_		_		_		12,811
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		19,928				J-I		_		_		546,371		566,299
Total Assets	Ś	2,258,951	Ś	497,627	Ś	133,159	Ś	387,597	Ś	792,869	Ś	606,166	Ś	4,676,369
	<u> </u>	2)230)332	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	.57,027	<u> </u>	200,200		00.,00.	<u> </u>	, 5 2,000	Ţ	000,200	<u> </u>	.,070,000
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances														
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	39,633	\$	7,027	\$	1,279	\$	34,386	\$	3,338	\$		\$	85,663
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	Ş	29,545	Ş	1,105	Ş	1,279	٦	34,360	۶	5,556	۶	_	Ą	30,650
Unearned revenue		29,545		1,105				_		789,493		_		789,493
Total Liabilities		69,178	-	8,132		1,279	-	34,386	-	792,831	-			905,806
Total Elabilities		03,170		0,132		1,273		34,300		752,031				303,000
Deferred Inflows - tax revenue		67,315		-		-		-		-		57,964		125,279
Fund Balances														
Nonspendable														
Prepaid expenses		11,577		1,180		54		-		-		-		12,811
Restricted for														
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		548,202		548,202
Building deposits		10,350		-		-		-		-		-		10,350
Shop with a cop		8,488		-		-		-		-		-		8,488
Streets		-		488,315		-		-		-		-		488,315
Parks		-		-		131,826				-		-		131,826
Capital improvements		-		-		-		353,211		-		-		353,211
Assigned to														
Recovery act		-		-		-		-		38		-		38
Unassigned		2,092,043		-		-		-		-		-		2,092,043
Total Fund Balances		2,122,458		489,495		131,880		353,211		38		548,202		3,645,284
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and	¢	2,258,951	\$	497,627	Ś	133,159	¢	387,597	Ś	792,869	Ś	606,166	¢	4,676,369
Fund Balances	٠	۲,۲J0,JJ1	٠	457,027	ې	133,133	٧	301,331	ې	132,003	ې	000,100	ې	4,070,309

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2022

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 3,645,284
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	 37,703,500 (17,177,177) 20,526,323
The net pension asset and deferred costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension asset Deferred outflows due to pension Deferred inflows due to pension	 346,795 93,180 (340,035) 99,940
Compensated absences are not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather are recognized as an expenditure when paid	(64,272)
Adjustment of unavailable revenue	125,279
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds  Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,506,988) 21,825,566

# ${\bf Statement\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures,\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances-Governmental\ Funds}$

### Year Ended April 30, 2022

			Special Rev	venue Funds			
	General <u>Fund</u>	Street Fund	Park Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	ARPA Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	ć 1 FFF 07F	\$ 495.931	\$ 170.638	ć 170.C20	\$ -	ć 201.770	\$ 2.784.061
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 1,555,075 130,439	\$ 495,931	\$ 170,638	\$ 170,639	\$ -	\$ 391,778	\$ 2,784,061 130,439
Intergovernmental revenues	13,495	- 14,111	- 39,327	-	53,338	-	120,271
Charges for services	204,605	14,111	3,302		-	_	207,907
Fines and forfeitures	67,972	_	3,302	_	_	_	67,972
Miscellaneous	37,416	1,730	2,028	73	38	150	41,435
Total Revenues	2,009,002	511,772	215,295	170,712	53,376	391,928	3,352,085
	_,000,00_	312)	210,200	270,722	33,373	001,010	3,332,333
Expenditures Current							
Administrative	411,758	_	_	_	_	_	411,758
Police	1,190,630	_	_	_	_	_	1,190,630
Municipal court	45,903	_	_	_	_	_	45,903
Planning and zoning	3,528	_	_	_	_	_	3,528
Building inspector	30,794	_	_	_	_	_	30,794
Community service	21,000	_	_	_	_	_	21,000
Street	,	434,441	-	=	_	-	434,441
Parks	-	, -	161,124	-	-	-	161,124
Capital improvement	-	_	, -	127,376	-	-	127,376
Recovery act	-	-	-	· -	53,338	-	53,338
Debt service							
Principal, interest and fees	41,756			<u> </u>		2,860,934	2,902,690
Total Expenditures	1,745,369	434,441	161,124	127,376	53,338	2,860,934	5,382,582
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	263,633	77,331	54,171	43,336	38	(2,469,006)	(2,030,497)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	2,452,775	2,452,775
Operating transfers in (out)  Total Other Financing Sources	(62,039)		44,700				(17,339)
(Uses)	(62,039)		44,700	_		2,452,775	2,435,436
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other							
Sources Over Expenditures and Other							
(Uses)	201,594	77,331	98,871	43,336	38	(16,231)	404,939
Fund Balance, May 1, as restated	1,920,864	412,164	33,009	309,875		564,433	3,240,345
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 2,122,458	\$ 489,495	\$ 131,880	\$ 353,211	\$ 38	\$ 548,202	\$ 3,645,284

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended April 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 404,939
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	429,743
Depreciation	 (1,375,468)
	 (945,725)
Some revenues reported in the governmental funds represent current financial	
resources and are recognized in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(14,371)
Some expenditures reported in the governmental funds represent the use of current financial resources and were recognized in the Statement of Activities when incurred.	
Change in pension related costs	190,045
Change in compensated absences	21,540
	211,585
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds. The repayment of the principal of long-term debt	
is a use of current financial resources of governmental funds. In the	
Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas	
in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	
The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences.	
Repayment of principal on debt	2,769,500
Bond proceeds	(2,285,000)
Premium on debt issuance	(160,880)
	 323,620
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (19,952)
	 <u></u>

# Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds April 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds						
	Waterworks	Wastewater					
	System	System					
	Fund	Fund	Total				
Assets							
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 363,207	\$ 1,305,820	\$ 1,669,027				
Investments	125,000	5,847	130,847				
Utilities receivable, net	95,173	98,243	193,416				
Prepaid expenses	4,028	6,882	10,910				
Total Current Assets	587,408	1,416,792	2,004,200				
Restricted Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	208,226	353,182	561,408				
Total Restricted Assets	208,226	353,182	561,408				
Property, Plant and Equipment							
Non-depreciable	92,000	150,000	242,000				
Depreciable, net	5,573,742	9,821,683	15,395,425				
Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	5,665,742	9,971,683	15,637,425				
Net Pension Asset	133,782	133,782	267,564				
Total Assets	6,595,158	11,875,439	18,470,597				
Deferred Outflow of Resources							
Deferred Pension Outflows	35,696	35,696	71,392				

# Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds April 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds				
	Waterworks				
	System	System			
	Fund	Fund	Total		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	15,522	134,205	149,727		
Accrued expenses	7,236	7,240	14,476		
Utility deposits	208,226	-	208,226		
Current maturities of long-term debt		94,500	94,500		
Total Current Liabilities	230,984	235,945	466,929		
Long-Term Liabilities					
Compensated absences payable	9,068	9,068	18,136		
Revenue bonds payable, net	-	1,265,600	1,265,600		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,068	1,274,668	1,283,736		
Total Liabilities	240,052	1,510,613	1,750,665		
Deferred Inflow of Resources					
Deferred Pension Inflows	215,026	215,026	430,052		
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,665,742	8,611,583	14,277,325		
Restricted	-	353,182	353,182		
Unrestricted	510,034	1,220,731	1,730,765		
Total Net Position	\$ 6,175,776	\$ 10,185,496	\$16,361,272		

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					
	Waterworks	Wastewater				
	System	System				
	Fund	Fund	Total			
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,194,031	\$ 1,339,882	\$ 2,533,913			
Miscellaneous	71,825	23,339	95,164			
Total Operating Revenues	1,265,856	1,363,221	2,629,077			
Operating Expenses						
Salaries and wages	270,191	269,365	539,556			
Employee benefits	132,820	124,688	257,508			
Gas and oil	9,537	9,537	19,074			
Materials and supplies	15,453	15,188	30,641			
Insurance	25,434	37,320	62,754			
Telephone and utilities	128,275	86,313	214,588			
Repairs and maintenance	297,499	312,584	610,083			
Professional fees	27,322	103,537	130,859			
Depreciation	380,300	656,243	1,036,543			
Administrative	36,056	34,988	71,044			
Other expenses	98,227	59,657	157,884			
Total Operating Expenses	1,421,114	1,709,420	3,130,534			
Operating (Loss)	(155,258)	(346,199)	(501,457)			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest income	165	301	466			
Interest and fees expense	-	(32,430)	(32,430)			
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	165	(32,129)	(31,964)			
(Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(155,093)	(378,328)	(533,421)			
Operating Transfers In		17,339	17,339			
Net (Loss)	(155,093)	(360,989)	(516,082)			
Net Position, May 1, as restated	6,330,869	10,546,485	16,877,354			
Net Position, April 30	\$ 6,175,776	\$ 10,185,496	\$ 16,361,272			

# Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds			
	Waterworks	Wastewater		
	System	System		
	Fund	Fund	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,284,187	\$ 1,377,916	\$ 2,662,103	
Cash paid to suppliers	(642,955)	(548,692)	(1,191,647)	
Cash paid to employees	(390,188)	(381,239)	(771,427)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	251,044	447,985	699,029	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net	(1,316)	(155,169)	(156,485)	
Payment of bond principal	-	(89,700)	(89,700)	
Payment of interest and fees expense	-	(32,430)	(32,430)	
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing				
Activities	(1,316)	(277,299)	(278,615)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest received	166	299	465	
(Purchase) of investments	(100,000)	(10)	(100,010)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(99,834)	289	(99,545)	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	149,894	170,975	320,869	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year	421,539	1,488,027	1,909,566	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year	571,433	1,659,002	2,230,435	
Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	208,226	353,182	561,408	
Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 363,207	\$ 1,305,820	\$ 1,669,027	

# Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds				
	Waterworks System	Wastewater System			
	Fund	Fund	Total		
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating (loss)	\$ (155,258)	\$ (346,199)	\$ (501,457)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss)					
to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	380,300	656,243	1,036,543		
(Increase) decrease in					
Utilities receivable	8,536	14,695	23,231		
Prepaid expenses	(358)	(526)	(884)		
Net pension asset	(229,585)	(229,585)	(459,170)		
Deferred pension outflow	48,659	48,659	97,318		
Increase (decrease) in					
Accounts payable	(4,794)	110,958	106,164		
Accrued expenses	(6,394)	(6,403)	(12,797)		
Meter deposits payable	9,795	-	9,795		
Deferred pension inflow	191,075	191,075	382,150		
Compensated absences payable	9,068	9,068	18,136		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 251,044	\$ 447,985	\$ 699,029		

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City operates under a Board of Aldermen/Mayor form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning, and general administrative services. Other services include water and sewer operations.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The City is organized under the laws of the State of Missouri and is a primary government, which is governed by an elected Board of Aldermen. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City has evaluated the criteria to determine whether any other entity meets the definition of a component unit and must be included in these financial statements. The City has determined that no other outside entity meets the criteria and therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the City is not aware of any entity for which the City would be considered as a component unit of that entity.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements display information about the government as a whole. Interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements to minimize the duplication of internal activities. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for services for support.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities are consolidated and presented on the full accrual, economic resources basis of accounting. The consolidated presentation incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations, and it provides information to improve analysis and comparability.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or a function. Program revenues include charges for goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meet operating and capital expenses of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate fund financial statements report information on the City's governmental and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, the emphasis on near-term inflows and outflows of resources do not present the long-term impact of transactions. Conversely, the proprietary fund statements incorporate the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the change in total economic resources. This presentation records long-term assets and liabilities, and recognizes revenues and expenses when transactions occur, regardless of their impact on the flow of cash. Since the accounting differs significantly between the governmental funds and the proprietary funds, it is necessary to convert the governmental fund data to arrive at the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, reconciliations have been provided following the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance identifying categories that required conversion from the fund statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund:* The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

*Street Fund:* The Street Fund is used to account for revenue sources restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for streets.

*Park Fund:* The Park Fund is used to account for revenue sources restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for parks.

Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund: The Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund is used to account for revenue sources restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for capital improvement.

ARPA Fund: The ARPA Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the American Rescue Plan Act funding.

Debt Service Fund: The Debt Service Fund of the City is used to account for resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of long-term debt on the 2022 Refunding General Obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Waterworks System Fund: The Waterworks System Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's water operations.

Wastewater System Fund: The Wastewater System Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sewer operations.

# Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, excluding land, are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least five years. All land purchases are capitalized regardless of cost. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Historically, governmental infrastructure assets have not been capitalized and reported in the financial statements. In conformity with GASB 34, infrastructure, such as streets and storm sewers, has been capitalized. Additionally, the City elected to depreciate its infrastructure assets. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	30-50 years
Improvements	30-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Infrastructure	30-50 years

Expenses for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

### **Compensated Absences**

Employees earn vacation time based on their years of service to the City and comp time based on hours worked. Outstanding vacation leave and comp time is payable upon termination of employment. Compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit with maturities in excess of three months.

### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and services. All other revenues and expenses are considered nonoperating.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on constraints imposed on the use of these resources as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: is classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Board of Aldermen – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

*Unassigned fund balance:* This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

In circumstances when a disbursement is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### **Net Position**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

*Net Investment in Capital Assets:* This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

*Restricted:* This consists of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted:* This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City first applies restricted net position.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

This is future revenue received for unspent grant proceeds and will be recognized as income when earned.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Currently, the City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amounts relating to the retirement plan.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, deferred pension inflows relating to the retirement plan on the Statement of Net Position and the portion of property taxes collectible that are in excess of three months. These amounts are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **Program Revenues**

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. These include 1) charges for city court fines, licenses and permits, planning and zoning services, parks and recreation services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenues, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

### **Revenue Recognition – Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent after December 31 of that year.

### 2. Cash & Cash Equivalents

State statutes require that the City's deposits be insured or collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of April 30, 2022, all bank balances on deposit are entirely insured or collateralized.

# Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

### 3. Investments

Investments of the City as of April 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Investment Type	Maturity	Total		
Certificates of Deposit	5/17/2022 - 10/21/2024	\$	293,906	

### **Certificates of Deposit**

Certificates of deposit are classified as investments but are considered deposits for custodial risk determination. State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of April 30, 2022, all certificates of deposit are entirely insured or collateralized with securities.

#### **Custodial Risk**

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment. The City's Certificates of Deposit are entirely insured or collateralized by a trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The City has no formal policy on interest rate risk.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

### 4. Restricted Assets

Cash and cash equivalents and fund balance or net position have been restricted in the following funds and activities as follows:

	Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Fund Balance/ Net Position
General Fund		
Shop with a Cop	\$ 8,488	\$ 8,488
Court Bonds	1,090	-
Building Deposits	10,350	10,350
	\$ 19,928	\$ 18,838
Street Fund		
Sales Tax	<u> </u>	\$ 488,315
Park Fund		
Sales Tax	<u> </u>	\$ 131,826
Capital Improvement Fund		
Sales Tax	\$ -	\$ 353,211
Debt Service Fund		
Debt Service	\$ 546,371	\$ 548,202
Waterworks System Fund		
Water Deposits	\$ 208,226	\$ -
Wastewater System Fund 2013 Waterworks and Sewerage System Bonds		
Bond Reserves	\$ 353,182	\$ 353,182

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

### 5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	 Accounts Receivable Allowance			Net Accounts Receivable		
Property Taxes Receivable	 					
Governmental Funds						
General Fund	\$ 77,221	\$	(7,725)	\$	69,496	
Debt Service Fund	64,712		(4,917)		59,795	
	\$ 141,933	\$	(12,642)	\$	129,291	
Utilities Receivable						
Enterprise Funds						
Waterworks System Fund	\$ 98,116	\$	(2,943)	\$	95,173	
Wastewater System Fund	 101,281		(3,038)		98,243	
	\$ 199,397	\$	(5,981)	\$	193,416	

### 6. Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities

### **Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds**

On February 3, 2022, the City issued \$2,285,000 in Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to refund \$2,410,000 of the Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds. The Bonds bear interest at 3.0% with interest payments due March 1 and September 1 each year and principal payments due March 1, each year. The bonds may be called for redemption under the provisions outlined in the bond ordinance. The annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the bonds outstanding at April 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending							
April 30,	F	Principal Interest			Total		
2023	\$	325,000	\$	73,882	\$	398,882	
2024		345,000		58,800		403,800	
2025		365,000		48,450		413,450	
2026		395,000		37,500		432,500	
2027		410,000		25,650		435,650	
2028		445,000		13,350		458,350	
	\$	2,285,000	\$	257,632	\$	2,542,632	

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

### **Capital Lease Agreement – Police Equipment**

In October 2020, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of a police radio system, car, and other equipment in the amount of \$120,000. The lease requires semi-annual payments of \$20,878 with interest at 2.45% through October 2023. The lease is a direct borrowing debt issuance. If the City defaults in the principal or interest on the lease as it becomes due, the Lessor may declare all of the indebtedness to be immediately due and payable or take possession of the equipment purchased with the proceeds. The City's agreement provides for the cancellation of the lease at the City's option on the renewal date each year per State statute, however the City does not foresee exercising its option to cancel. Therefore, the lease is accounted for as a noncancellable capital lease in accordance with GASB Section L20, "Leases." The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the lease agreement (assuming noncancellation):

Year Ending				
April 30,				
2023				
2024				

	Direct Borrowing								
Principal Interest					Total				
\$	40,487	\$	1,269	\$	41,756				
	20,621		257		20,878				
\$	61,108	\$	1,526	\$	62,634				

The following table is a summary of the changes in Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities:

	Balance April 30, 2021	Additi	ons	Retirements		Balance April 30, 2022	Dι	mounts ie Within Ine Year		
General Obligation Bonds	_									
Series 2012B	\$ 2,730,000	\$	-	\$2,730,000	\$	-	\$	-		
Series 2022 Refunding	-	2,285	,000	-		2,285,000		325,000		
Plus: Premium on G.O. Bonds	 	167	167,775 6		167,775 6,895 160		160,880			-
	2,730,000	2,452	,775	2,736,895		2,445,880		325,000		
Direct Borrowing										
Police Equipment Lease	100,608		-	39,500		61,108		40,487		
Compensated Absences	 85,812		-	21,540		64,272				
	\$ 2,916,420	\$ 2,452	,775	\$2,797,935	\$	2,571,260	\$	365,487		

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

## 7. Long-Term Debt – Business-Type Activities

### **Wastewater System Fund**

Series 2013 Revenue Bonds

During the year ended April 30, 2014, the City issued \$2,050,000 in Revenue Bonds for the purpose of extending and improving the sewerage system. The bonds bear interest at 1.55%. Interest payments are due in semi-annual installments on January 1 and July 1 of each year. In the event of default, the City must pay principal or interest on the bonds as they become due for a period of 60 days after written notice specifying such default has been given to the City, by the registered owner of any bond then outstanding, then at any time thereafter and while such default continues, the registered owners of 25% in principal amounts of the bonds outstanding may, by written notice to the City, declare the principal of all bonds then outstanding to be due and payable immediately. The annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the bonds outstanding at April 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year	Ending
------	--------

i cai Liiaiiig						
April 30,	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2023	\$ 94,500	\$	20,719	\$	115,219	
2024	96,400		19,247		115,647	
2025	98,300		17,745		116,045	
2026	101,200		16,206		117,406	
2027	104,000		14,631		118,631	
2028	105,900		13,011		118,911	
2029	109,800		11,355		121,155	
2030	111,700		9,646		121,346	
2031	115,500		7,900		123,400	
2032	117,400		6,103		123,503	
2033	121,200		4,268		125,468	
2034	123,100		2,382		125,482	
2035	61,100_		474		61,574	
	\$ 1,360,100	\$	143,687	\$	1,503,787	
		-				

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

The following table is a summary of the changes in the Long-Term Debt – Business-Type Activities:

	Balance April 30, 2021		Additions		Retirements		Balance April 30, 2022		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Waterworks System Fund	<u></u>		'							
Compensated Absences	\$	9,670	\$	_	\$	602	\$	9,068	\$	
Wastewater System Fund										
Series 2013 Revenue Bonds	\$ 1	,449,800	\$	-	\$	89,700	\$ 1,	360,100	\$	94,500
Compensated Absences		9,670		-		602		9,068		-
	\$ 1	,459,470	\$	-	\$	90,302	\$ 1,	369,168	\$	94,500

## 8. Assessed Valuation & Legal Debt Margin

The assessed valuation of the tangible property and the tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation of that property were as follows:

	2021
Assessed Valuation	
Real estate	\$ 82,044,093
Personal property	 21,323,655
	\$ 103,367,748
Tax Rates Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation	
General Fund	\$ 0.4662
Debt Service Fund	 0.3777
	\$ 0.8439

The legal debt margin at April 30, 2022, was computed as follows:

	General Obligations Bonds					
	Ordinary (1)	Total				
Constitutional Debt Limit	\$ 10,336,775	\$ 10,336,775	\$ 20,673,550			
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(2,285,000)	-	(2,285,000)			
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	548,202		548,202			
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 8,599,977	\$ 10,336,775	\$ 18,936,752			

# Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

- (1) Under Article VI, Section 26(b) and (c), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may incur an indebtedness for any purposes authorized in the charter of the City or by any general law of the State of Missouri. The borrowings authorized by this section shall not exceed ten percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.
- (2) Under Article VI, Section 26(d) and (e), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may become indebted not exceeding in the aggregate an additional ten percent for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed twenty percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

### 9. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance April 30,					Balance April 30,		
Governmental Activities	2021	. <u> </u>	Additions Delet		eletions	s 2022		
Non-depreciable Capital Assets								
Land	\$ 529,262	\$	18,160	\$	-	\$	547,422	
Construction in progress	60,477				60,477			
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	589,739	\$	18,160	\$	60,477		547,422	
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Buildings	17,312,495	\$	17,156	\$	-		17,329,651	
Improvements	887,862		99,999		-		987,861	
Machinery and equipment	1,347,532		-		17,179		1,330,353	
Vehicles	255,499		85,850		28,191		313,158	
Infrastructure	16,926,000		269,055		-		17,195,055	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	36,729,388	\$	472,060	\$	45,370		37,156,078	
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings	8,244,002	\$	343,093	\$	-		8,587,095	
Improvements	121,732		43,489		-		165,221	
Machinery and equipment	723,792		87,125		17,179		793,738	
Vehicles	119,186		34,274		28,191		125,269	
Infrastructure	6,638,367		867,487		-		7,505,854	
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	15,847,079	\$	1,375,468	\$	45,370		17,177,177	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net	20,882,309	-					19,978,901	
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		=						
Capital Assets, net	\$ 21,472,048	=				\$	20,526,323	

## Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

Administrative						\$	195,046	
Police						Ş	-	
Police Parks							175,654 188,581	
Street							816,187	
Street						\$	1,375,468	
							,,	
	Balance						Balance	
	April 30,						April 30,	
	2021		Additions	D	eletions		2022	
Business-Type Activities								
Waterworks System Fund								
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	ć 03.000	۲.		<b>,</b>		<b>ب</b>	02.000	
Land	\$ 92,000	\$		Ş		\$	92,000	
Depreciable Capital Assets	6.076.220	\$		۲			6 076 220	
Buildings Machinery and equipment	6,076,329 2,278,758	Ş	-	\$	- 45,641		6,076,329 2,233,117	
Vehicles	100,261		- 46,957		43,041		147,218	
Infrastructure	7,039,440		40,337		_		7,039,440	
minastracture	15,494,788	\$	46,957	\$	45,641		15,496,104	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	9,542,062	\$	380,300	\$	_		9,922,362	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,		÷		<u> </u>		-	- /- /	
net	5,952,726						5,573,742	
Wastewater System Fund								
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets								
Land	150,000	\$		\$	_		150,000	
Depreciable Capital Assets								
Buildings	16,945,368	\$	-	\$	-		16,945,368	
Machinery and equipment	543,421		50,483		-		593,904	
Vehicles	134,520		18,100		-		152,620	
Infrastructure	8,918,410		86,586		-		9,004,996	
	26,541,719	\$	155,169	\$	-		26,696,888	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	16,218,962	\$	656,243	\$	-		16,875,205	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,								
net	10,322,757						9,821,683	
Total Capital Assets - Business -							•	
Type Activities, net	\$ 16,517,483					_	15,637,425	

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

#### 10. Employee Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided. LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2022 Valuation
Benefit multiplier	2.00% for life
Final average salary	5 years
Member contributions	4%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.* At June 30, 2021, which is LAGERs fiscal year end and the latest information available, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Dolico

Canaral

5
11
11
27

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year. With an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 11.8% (General) and 11.3% (Police) of annual covered payroll.

## Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

Net Pension Asset. The employer's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 28, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation
Salary increase

2.75% wage inflation, 2.25% price inflation 2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation (General); 2.75% to 6.55% including wage inflation (Police) 7.00% net of investment expenses

Investment rate of return

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2015, through February 29, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed Income	31.00%	1.41%
Real Assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic Assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash/Leverage	-25.00%	-0.29%

## Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Asset**

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Tot	al Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension
	Liability			et Position	(Asset)	
General Division		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at beginning of year	\$	3,123,321	\$	2,730,822	\$	392,499
Changes for the year						
Service Cost		89,907		-		89,907
Interest on total pension liability		226,437		-		226,437
Difference between expected and actual						
experiences		(161,023)		-		(161,023)
Changes of assumptions		(65,967)		-		(65,967)
Benefits paid, including refunds		(90,003)		(90,003)		-
Contributions - employer		-		93,303		(93,303)
Contributions - employee		-		32,567		(32,567)
Net investment income		-		758,120		(758,120)
Administrative expenses		-		(2,773)		2,773
Other changes		-		(37,791)		37,791
Net changes		(649)		753,423		(754,072)
Balances at end of year		3,122,672		3,484,245		(361,573)
Police Division						
Balance at beginning of year		1,386,025		1,343,054		42,971
Changes for the year		_	,	_		_
Service Cost		59,090		-		59,090
Interest on total pension liability		101,481		-		101,481
Difference between expected and actual						
experiences		48		-		48
Changes of assumptions		7,456		-		7,456
Contributions - employer		-		48,973		(48,973)
Contributions - employee		-		18,745		(18,745)
Benefits paid, including refunds		(31,169)		(31,169)		-
Net investment income		-		380,691		(380,691)
Administrative expenses		-		(2,261)		2,261
Other changes		<del>-</del>		17,684		(17,684)
Net changes		136,906		432,663		(295,757)
Balances at end of year		1,522,931		1,775,717		(252,786)
Total Plan Balances at End of Year	\$	4,645,603	\$	5,259,962	\$	(614,359)

## Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2022

The net pension (asset) has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ (346,795)
Business-Type Activities	
Electric Fund	(133,782)
Water Fund	 (133,782)
	(267,564)
	\$ (614,359)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following present the net pension asset of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's net pension asset would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount Rate							
	19	% Decrease	Α	ssumption	1	% Increase		
General Division		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%		
Total Pension Liability	\$	3,535,843	\$	3,122,672	\$	2,775,900		
Fiduciary Net Position		3,484,245		3,484,245		3,484,245		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		51,598		(361,573)		(708,345)		
Police Division								
Total Pension Liability		1,794,496		1,522,931		1,306,724		
Fiduciary Net Position		1,775,717		1,775,717		1,775,717		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		18,779		(252,786)		(468,993)		
Total Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	70,377	\$	(614,359)	\$	(1,177,338)		

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2022, the employer recognized a pension credit of \$9,212 in the general division and \$24,354 in the police division. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred (Inflows) of Resources		Outfl	et Deferred ows (Inflows) Resources
General Division						_
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	21,271	\$	(151,380)	\$	(130,109)
Assumption changes		76		(58,138)		(58,062)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(371,633)		(371,633)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		75,129				75,129
		96,476		(581,151)		(484,675)
Police Division						
Differences between expected and actual experience		23,683		(4,205)		19,478
Assumption changes		5,710		-		5,710
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(184,731)		(184,731)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		38,703		_		38,703
		68,096		(188,936)		(120,840)
	\$	164,572	\$	(770,087)	\$	(605,515)

Deferred outflows and (inflows) have been allocated as follows:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred (Inflows) of Resources		(Inflows) of Outflows		
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	\$	93,180	\$	(340,035)	\$	(246,855)	
Business-Type Activities							
Electric Fund		35,696		(215,026)		(179,330)	
Water Fund		35,696		(215,026)		(179,330)	
		71,392		(430,052)		(358,660)	
	\$	164,572	\$	(770,087)	\$	(605,515)	

<sup>\*</sup>The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ending April 30, 2023.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources						
April 30,		General Police			Total		
2023	\$	(142,621)	\$	(39,233)	\$	(181,854)	
2024		(117,542)		(31,587)		(149,129)	
2025		(112,651)		(32,906)		(145,557)	
2026		(143,473)		(55,817)		(199,290)	
2027		(36,427)		-		(36,427)	
Thereafter		(7,090)		<u>-</u>		(7,090)	
	\$	(559,804)	\$	(159,543)	\$	(719,347)	

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At April 30, 2022, the City reported a payable of \$16,989 for the outstanding amounts of contributions to the pension plan.

#### 11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from a public self-insured insurance pool. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

#### 12. Claims & Adjustments

The City participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulation, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of April 30, 2022, expenditures have not been audited by grantor governments, but the City believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds or the overall financial position of the City.

#### 13. Pledged Revenues

#### **Wastewater System Fund**

The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues to repay the 2013 Revenue Bonds issued to improve and expand the sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2035. Net revenues are revenues of the system less expenses of the system with the exception of depreciation. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,883,887. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$113,746 and \$310,044, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

#### 14. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds of the City for the year ended April 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	62,039
Park Fund		44,700		-
Wastewater System Fund		17,339		
	\$	62,039	\$	62,039

Transfers are used to (1) move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) use unrestricted receipts in the Enterprise Funds and General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### 15. Deferred Taxes

Revenue has not been realized for receivables not expected to be collected within sixty day of year end, but are expected to be collectible. Deferred taxes as of April 30, 2022 are \$125,279.

#### 16. Current Year Bond Refunding

On February 3, 2022, the City issued the Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$2,285,000 with an interest rate of 3.00% to refund \$2,410,000 of Series 2012B General Obligation Bonds with interest rates at 3.75% to 5.10%.

As a result of the refunding, the City reduced its debt service requirements by \$162,212, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on old and new debt) of \$157,636.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2022

#### 17. Restatement

Fund balances and net position have been restated as of May 1, 2021 to accurately reflect sales taxes receivable, effects of net pension liability and related deferred inflows/outflows, accrued wages and compensated absences.

General Fund		
FUND BALANCE, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$	1,609,358
Sales taxes receivable		84,576
Accrued wages		(15,982)
Compensated absences		242,912
FUND BALANCE, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$	1,920,864
Street Fund		
FUND BALANCE, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$	351,705
Sales taxes receivable		60,459
FUND BALANCE, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$	412,164
Park Fund		
FUND BALANCE, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$	2,578
Sales taxes receivable		30,431
FUND BALANCE, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$	33,009
Capital Improvement Fund	-	
FUND BALANCE, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$	279,444
Sales taxes receivable		30,431
FUND BALANCE, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$	309,875
Governmental Activities		
NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$	21,427,705
Sales taxes receivable	·	205,897
Accrued wages		(15,982)
Deferred pension outflows		(168,710)
Net pension liability		191,606
Deferred pension inflows		47,902
Compensated absences		157,100
NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$	21,845,518
Waterworks System Fund		
NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$	6,316,504
Deferred pension outflows		84,355
Net pension liability		(95,803)
Deferred pension inflows		(23,951)
Accrued wages		(3,960)
Compensated absences		53,724
NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$	6,330,869

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### April 30, 2022

NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021  Deferred pension outflows  Net pension liability  Deferred pension inflows  Accrued wages  Compensated absences  NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021  Susiness-type Activities  NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021  Deferred pension outflows  168,710  Net pension liability  Deferred pension inflows  Accrued wages  Compensated absences  NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021  Deferred pension outflows  168,710  Net pension liability  (191,606)  Deferred pension inflows  Accrued wages  Compensated absences  NET POSITION as restated May 1, 2021	Wastewater System Fund	
Net pension liability(95,803)Deferred pension inflows(23,951)Accrued wages(3,960)Compensated absences53,724NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021\$ 10,546,485Business-type ActivitiesNET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021\$ 16,848,624Deferred pension outflows168,710Net pension liability(191,606)Deferred pension inflows(47,902)Accrued wages(7,920)Compensated absences107,448	NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$ 10,532,120
Deferred pension inflows Accrued wages (3,960) Compensated absences S5,724 NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021  Susiness-type Activities  NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021  Deferred pension outflows Net pension liability Net pension liability Deferred pension inflows Accrued wages Compensated absences  (23,951) (3,960) (3,960) (3,960) (5,946,485) (10,546,485) (10,546,485) (10,546,485) (10,546,485) (10,546,485) (10,546,485) (10,948) (10,948) (10,948) (10,948) (10,948) (10,948) (10,948)	Deferred pension outflows	84,355
Accrued wages (3,960) Compensated absences 53,724  NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021 \$ 10,546,485  Business-type Activities  NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021 \$ 16,848,624  Deferred pension outflows 168,710  Net pension liability (191,606) Deferred pension inflows (47,902) Accrued wages (7,920) Compensated absences 107,448	Net pension liability	(95,803)
Compensated absences53,724NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021\$ 10,546,485Business-type ActivitiesNET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021\$ 16,848,624Deferred pension outflows168,710Net pension liability(191,606)Deferred pension inflows(47,902)Accrued wages(7,920)Compensated absences107,448	Deferred pension inflows	(23,951)
NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021 \$ 10,546,485  Business-type Activities  NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021 \$ 16,848,624  Deferred pension outflows 168,710  Net pension liability (191,606)  Deferred pension inflows (47,902)  Accrued wages (7,920)  Compensated absences 107,448	Accrued wages	(3,960)
Business-type ActivitiesNET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021\$ 16,848,624Deferred pension outflows168,710Net pension liability(191,606)Deferred pension inflows(47,902)Accrued wages(7,920)Compensated absences107,448	Compensated absences	53,724
NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021 \$ 16,848,624 Deferred pension outflows 168,710 Net pension liability (191,606) Deferred pension inflows (47,902) Accrued wages (7,920) Compensated absences 107,448	NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$ 10,546,485
Deferred pension outflows168,710Net pension liability(191,606)Deferred pension inflows(47,902)Accrued wages(7,920)Compensated absences107,448	Business-type Activities	
Net pension liability(191,606)Deferred pension inflows(47,902)Accrued wages(7,920)Compensated absences107,448	NET POSITION, as previously stated, April 30, 2021	\$ 16,848,624
Deferred pension inflows (47,902) Accrued wages (7,920) Compensated absences 107,448	Deferred pension outflows	168,710
Accrued wages (7,920) Compensated absences 107,448	Net pension liability	(191,606)
Compensated absences 107,448	Deferred pension inflows	(47,902)
	Accrued wages	(7,920)
NET DOCITION as restated May 1 2021	Compensated absences	107,448
NET POSITION, as restated, ividy 1, 2021 \$ 16,877,354	NET POSITION, as restated, May 1, 2021	\$ 16,877,354



#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Year Ended April 30, 2022

#### Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)

	Year Ended April 30, 2022		April 30, April 30,		Year Ended April 30, 2020		Year Ended April 30, 2019		Year Ended April 30, 2018		Year Ended April 30, 2017		Year Ended April 30, 2016	
Total Pension Liability														
Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Change in benefit terms	\$	148,997 327,918	\$	149,427 299,889	\$	147,761 277,819	\$	142,227 256,657	\$	134,111 236,932	\$	113,932 190,218 296,229	\$	105,849 171,668
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions		(160,975) (58,511)		67,771		(9,622)		(26,953)		(28,526) (16,572)		(4,913) 139,540		60,673
Benefit Payments, including refunds		(121,172)		(139,047)		(86,593)		(79,063)		(69,233)		(98,989)		(74,072)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		136,257		378,040		329,365		292,868		256,712		636,017		264,118
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		4,509,346		4,131,306		3,801,941		3,509,073		3,252,361		2,616,344		2,352,226
Total Pension Liability, Ending		4,645,603		4,509,346		4,131,306		3,801,941		3,509,073		3,252,361		2,616,344
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer		142,276		135,925		140,813		138,203		125,755		96,338		104,892
Contributions - employee		51,312		56,556		49,735		48,249		46,577		43,066		44,363
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		1,138,811		50,862		256,089		381,753		328,598		(4,468)		49,120
Benefit Payments, including refunds		(121,172)		(139,047)		(86,593)		(79,063)		(69,233)		(98,989)		(74,072)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(5,034)		(6,859)		(6,280)		(4,184)		(3,878)		(3,871)		(4,008)
Other		(20,107)		(8,865)		27,032		11,450		7,409		15,511		39,568
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,186,086		88,572		380,796		496,408		435,228		47,587		159,863
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		4,073,876		3,985,304		3,604,508		3,108,100		2,672,872		2,625,285		2,465,422
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending		5,259,962		4,073,876		3,985,304		3,604,508		3,108,100		2,672,872		2,625,285
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(614,359)	\$	435,470	\$	146,002	\$	197,433	\$	400,973	\$	579,489	\$	(8,941)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		113.22%		90.34%		96.47%		94.81%		88.57%		82.18%		100.34%
Covered payroll	\$	1,251,180	\$	1,362,812	\$	1,222,302	\$	1,204,918	\$	1,155,730	\$	1,079,412	\$	1,063,111
Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-49.10%		31.95%		11.94%		16.39%		34.69%		53.69%		-0.84%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Contributions Year Ended April 30, 2022

#### Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)

				ntribution Relation to					Contribution as a Percentage
	Ac	tuarially		Actuarially	Cont	ribution			of Covered
Year Ending	De	termined	Det	termined	Ex	xcess		Covered	Employee
April 30,	Cor	tribution	Cor	Contribution (Deficiency)		iciency) Pay		Payroll	Payroll
2013	\$	83,843	\$	83,843	\$	-	\$	1,091,934	7.68%
2014		100,548		100,548		-		997,052	10.08%
2015		105,581		105,582		1		1,092,557	9.66%
2016		96,264		96,264		-		1,117,988	8.61%
2017		124,425		124,425		-		1,164,236	10.69%
2018		137,855		136,371		(1,484)		1,188,585	11.47%
2019		140,418		140,418		-		1,231,877	11.40%
2020		137,017		137,017		-		1,256,879	10.90%
2021		140,592		140,592		-		1,277,814	11.00%
2022		137,489		136,180		(1,309)		1,172,552	11.61%

## Notes to the Schedule of Contributions Year Ended April 30, 2022

Valuation Date: February 28, 2021

**Notes:** The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2021, to June 30, 2021, reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.

#### **Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates**

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization Method: A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of, (i) the remaining initial amortization period, or (ii) 15 years.

Remaining Amortization Period: Multiple bases from 14 to 21 years for general and police divisions

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation: 2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation

Salary Increases: 2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation (General); 2.75% to 6.55% including wage inflation (Police)

Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality: The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other Information: None

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended April 30, 2022

Revenues	Origina Budge		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Taxes				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 440,	,000 \$ 440,000	\$ 497,783	\$ 57,783
Sales tax	505,	'	602,004	97,004
Franchise taxes	459,	•	455,288	(4,212)
Francinse taxes	1,404,		1,555,075	150,575
Licenses and Permits	1,404,	1,404,300	1,333,073	130,373
	117	,400 117,400	111 710	/E 600\
Occupational licenses	117,	•	111,710	(5,690)
Other fees	-	12,000	18,729	6,729
	129,	.400 129,400	130,439	1,039
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Grants	15,	.000 15,000	13,495	(1,505)
Charges for Services				
Police services	60,	.000 60,000	63,859	3,859
Rent	57,	57,800	57,878	78
Trash	75,	,000 75,000	82,868	7,868
	192,	800 192,800	204,605	11,805
Fines and Forfeitures				
City court fines	66,	.100 66,100	67,972	1,872
Miscellaneous				
Interest		185 185	358	173
Donations			23,625	23,625
Other	1,	.195 1,195	13,433	12,238
		380 1,380	37,416	36,036
Total Revenues	1,809,		2,009,002	199,822
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, = = 2, = 0	, = = = , = = =	,

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures				
Current				
Administrative	279,535	279,535	411,758	(132,223)
Police	1,347,430	1,347,430	1,190,630	156,800
Municipal court	47,063	47,063	45,903	1,160
Planning and zoning	3,360	3,360	3,528	(168)
Building inspector	29,351	29,351	30,794	(1,443)
Community service	-	-	21,000	(21,000)
Debt Service				
Principal, interest and fees	41,756	41,756	41,756	
Total Expenditures	1,748,495	1,748,495	1,745,369	3,126
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	60,685	60,685	263,633	202,948
Other Financing (Uses)				
Operating transfers (out)	(44,700)	(44,700)	(62,039)	(17,339)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures and				
Other (Uses)	15,985	15,985	201,594	185,609
Fund Balance, May 1, as restated	1,920,864	1,920,864	1,920,864	-
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 1,936,849	\$ 1,936,849	\$ 2,122,458	\$ 185,609

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Street Fund Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes								
Sales tax	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	170,646	\$	30,646
Motor vehicle tax		300,000		300,000		325,285		25,285
		440,000		440,000		495,931		55,931
Intergovernmental								
Grants		-		-		14,111		14,111
Miscellaneous								
Interest		125		125		84		(41)
Other		1,700	1,700		1,646			(54)
		1,825		1,825		1,730		(95)
Total Revenues		441,825		441,825		511,772		69,947
Expenditures								
Current								
Street		426,816		426,816		434,441		(7,625)
Total Expenditures		426,816		426,816		434,441		(7,625)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		15,009		15,009		77,331		62,322
Fund Balance, May 1, as restated		412,164		412,164		412,164		
Fund Balance, April 30	\$	427,173	\$	427,173	\$	489,495	\$	62,322

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Park Fund Year Ended April 30, 2022

Revenues		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Taxes									
Sales tax	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	170,638	\$	30,638	
Intergovernmental	•	-,	•	,,,,,,,	•	.,	•	,	
Grants		_		-		39,327		39,327	
Charges for Services						,		•	
Center activities		3,300		3,300		3,302		2	
Miscellaneous									
Interest		40		40		12		(28)	
Other		2,200		2,200		2,016		(184)	
		2,240		2,240		2,028		(212)	
Total Revenues		145,540		145,540		215,295		69,755	
Expenditures									
Current									
Parks		190,152		190,152		161,124		29,028	
Total Expenditures		190,152		190,152		161,124		29,028	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures		(44,612)		(44,612)		54,171		98,783	
Other Financing Sources									
Operating transfers in		44,700		44,700		44,700			
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources									
Over Expenditures		88		88		98,871		98,783	
Fund Balance, May 1, as restated		33,009		33,009		33,009		-	
Fund Balance, April 30	\$	33,097	\$	33,097	\$	131,880	\$	98,783	

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Improvement Fund Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			ariance ith Final Budget
Revenues						
Taxes						
Sales tax	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$	170,639	\$	30,639
Miscellaneous						
Interest	75	75		73		(2)
Other	 500	 500				(500)
	575	575		73		(502)
Total Revenues	 140,575	 140,575		170,712		30,137
Expenditures						
Current						
Capital improvements	140,000	140,000		127,376		12,624
Total Expenditures	140,000	140,000		127,376		12,624
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	575	575		43,336		42,761
Fund Balance, May 1, as restated	309,875	 309,875		309,875		
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 310,450	\$ 310,450	\$	353,211	\$	42,761

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – ARPA Fund Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Original Final Budget Budget Act				Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues		_					·	
Intergovernmental revenues								
Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,338	\$	53,338
Miscellaneous								
Interest		-		-		38		38
Total Revenues		-		-		53,376		53,376
Expenditures								
Current								
Recovery act		-		-		53,338		(53,338)
Total Expenditures		-		-		53,338		(53,338)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		38		38
Fund Balance, May 1		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, April 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38	\$	38

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules
Year Ended April 30, 2022

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April, Administration submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditure plans for all fund types and the proposed means of financing them.
- 2. One public hearing is conducted by the Board of Aldermen in late March or early April to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget and tax levy.
- 3. Prior to May 1, ordinances are passed by the Board of Aldermen which provide for legally adopted budgets for all funds of the City.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the City.
- 5. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts may be amended during the year by the Board of Aldermen on approved budget adjustment forms.





# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Carl Junction, Missouri Carl Junction, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated September 19, 2022.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Report on Compliance and other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### City of Carl Junction, Missouri's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPM CPAs, PC

Springfield, Missouri

KPM CPAS, PC

September 19, 2022

Schedule of Findings and Responses
Year Ended April 30, 2022

#### **Material Weakness**

#### 2022-001 Segregation of Duties

Condition: Because of a limited number of available personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction.

*Criteria*: Duties should be segregated so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction.

*Effect*: Risk is present that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the basic financial statements may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

*Recommendation*: We realize that because of limited resources and personnel, management may not be able to achieve a proper segregation of duties; however, our professional standards require that we bring this lack of segregation of duties to your attention in this report.

Response: The limited number of available personnel prohibits segregation of incompatible duties.